The Dijkstra Algorithm

Antonio Carzaniga

Faculty of Informatics Università della Svizzera italiana

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 - ▶ *N*, nodes of *G* whose least-cost path from *u* is definitely known

```
Dijkstra(G = (V, E), u)
    N = \{u\}
 2 for all v \in V
          if v \in neighbors(u)
               D[v] = c(u, v)
 5
               p[v] = u
 6
          else D[v] = \infty
    while N \neq V
 8
          find w \notin N such that D[w] is minimum
 9
          N = N \cup \{w\}
10
          for all v \in neighbors(w) \setminus N
                if D[w] + c(w, v) < D[v]
11
                     D[v] = D[w] + c(w, v)
12
13
                     p[v] = w
```

Example



